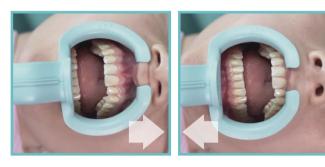




One-hand access to all 4 quadrants



OBF puts an end to years of unsafe conditions

Our aim is to eliminate the risk of infection for oral health professionals and their patients whenever they are involved in a dental procedure where aerosols are expelled from the patient's mouth.

OBF attacks the problem from the source, from the peribuccal area where they are generated, blocking the dispersion of the aerosols that are aspirated.

#### Sales formats

#### SINGLE USE

BOX 40 UNITS

PACK 120 UNITS

#### REUSABLE\*

BOX **100** USES

PACK 300 USES

\*Sterilisable white mouth splint

## Start differentiating yourself from other clinics,

by offering confidence and safety to your patients **with Oral BioFilter**.

+34 972 526 169

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Pol. Empordà Internacional 17469 · Vilamalla (Girona) · SPAIN



www.oralbiofilter.com



Videos OBF

CE

#### NEW

- ✓ Sterilisable
- ✓ Softer
- ✓ Better adaptation

# obf

### **Oral BioFilter**

The only peribuccal system with a

#### certified 98.4% guaranteed

effectiveness in eliminating cross-contamination within the dental cubicle



com

Our unique and patented technology is based on three features that ensure the health of your patients and your team.

Did you know that, under the right conditions, **just 1 drop** of contaminated saliva in your dental practice **could infect 24 patients in a single day?** 

#### ADJUSTS TO YOUR PATIENT'S MOUTH

Its carefully-studied design as a mouth opener helps to keep the patient's mouth open in a relaxing way.

When placed in the peribuccal area, it creates an air curtain that prevents aerosols, droplets and micro-droplets from leaving the patient's mouth.

#### GUARANTEED HEALTH AND SAFETY

It is made of medical-grade polymers and licensed by a healthcare manufacturer, so safety and hygiene are guaranteed, as it is a material suitable for contact with the patient's mouth. (FDA Approved Class 1 CE certification.)

#### READY TO USE

It is manufactured in a clean room, so it is ready to use. It requires no investment nor maintenance, such as filter changes, because once the mouth splint is used, it is sterilised and can be used again. Connects to the surgical aspirator on the dental chair.

# Without OBF



#### One drop of saliva can contain up to **600,000 bacteria.**

Dentists work daily in an environment exposed to micro-droplets and aerosols expelled from patients' mouths. These microdroplets and aerosols carry with them pathogens that can infect everyone in the dental cubicle, not only at the moment of expulsion.

More than 7 highly contagious diseases are transmitted by aerosols, such as tuberculosis, chicken pox, influenza or Covid.

Clinical studies carried out at the University of Barcelona consider it 98.4% effectiveness.

Procedures				
ictor Lloro <sup>1,0</sup> Maria	Laura Giovannoni <sup>21</sup> Vicente	Lozano-de Luaces <sup>1</sup> Maria Cristina Manzanares <sup>1,9</sup>		
and Therapoutics Departm iciences, Health University Sdontology Hespital UR, O of Medicine and Health Sci Jacoriona, Spain	pilings Unit, Experimental Pathology ert, Faculty of Medicine and Health of Brochina, Starbino, Spain domote analology Department, Faculty enco, Health University of Bacchina, alth Sciences, Health University of h	Address for camepandness Vision Ultras, DDL, USC, 1935; F. Corent, Andre Lindmith at Eastern and Eastern and Andre Roman Lings Mone, Discupzifice, (HMV Facultura, Spain (r-main chamado Falamone at ado).		
Abstract	tal professionals which has i	sk during dental procedures is a common concern for den- increased due to coronaeirus (severe acute respiratory syn- iemic. The development of devices to specifically mitiaate		

	drome coronavirus 2) pandemic. The development of devices to specifically mitigate cross-contamination by droplet/splatter is crucial to stop infection transmission. The
	objective of this study is to assess the effectiveness of a perioral suction device (Oral
	BioFilter, OBP) to reduce biological contamination spread during dental procedures.
	Materials and Methods Forty patients were randomized 1:1 to a standard profes-
	sional dental hygiene treatment with OEF and without. Adenosine triphosphate (ATP)
	bioluminescence assay was used to evaluate the spread of potential contaminants. The
	total number of relative light units (RLU) from key dental operatory locations: opera-
	tor's face-shield, back of the surgical operator's-gloves, patient's safety-goggles, and
Keywords	instrumental table were measured. Percentage contamination reductions between
- arrosol	control and OBF were compared.
<ul> <li>ATP luminescent measurements</li> </ul>	Statistical Analysis Primary outcome, total RLU, was analyzed by comparing the means of logged data, using a two-sided two-sample t-test. Secondary outcomes
- cross-transmission	as RLU of logged data for the different locations were analyzed in the same way.
<ul> <li>Infection disease transmission</li> </ul>	Proportion of patients from whom different locations reported events (clean, accept- able, and failure) were analyzed by using Fisher's exact test.
- oral health	Results For the whole dental environment, RLUs reduction (<150 units) achieved
<ul> <li>SAPS_COM_7</li> </ul>	with OBF was 98.4% (97.4-99%). By dental operatory location the solution in BUIs



Access to the study. Source NCBI: National Center for Biotechnology Information

esa

business

incubation

centre



